STATE OF NEVADA



DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS & INDUSTRY HOUSING DIVISION

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NRS 278.235 - Annual Housing Progress Report

Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 278 requires jurisdictions in Clark and Washoe Counties to adopt a Housing Plan as a part of the jurisdiction's Master Plan. The plan is required to inventory housing conditions, project future needs and demands, and adopt strategies to provide for all forms of housing, including that which is affordable. Sub-section NRS 278.235 requires adoption of measures to maintain and develop affordable housing and the jurisdictions must report how such measures were used in the prior year. The purpose of the legislation is to encourage local governments to deploy resources to increase affordable housing. It is this portion of NRS 278 which is addressed in this report.

The following two counties and seven cities are subject to NRS 278.235 reporting:

Clark County City of Boulder City City of Reno
Washoe County City of Henderson City of Sparks

City of Las Vegas City of Mesquite

City of North Las Vegas

Reports from the jurisdictions are due to the Housing Division annually by January 15. This report compiles information contained within the jurisdictional reports, analyzes trends to the degree possible and highlights notable efforts to establish and maintain affordable housing. In the 2017 legislative session NRS 278.235 was revised to require the Housing Division post the report on the Housing Division website on or before February 15 of each year rather than submit it to the legislature.

This year's methodology was the same as the three previous years. In 2015 there were significant changes in methodology. Data from 2015 through 2018 reports are comparable. Previous years are more difficult to compare.

2018 HOUSING CONTEXT

Just prior to the enactment of NRS 278.235 in 2007, housing prices were rapidly escalating. There was concern that households were being priced out of single-family home ownership. Then, from the high of August 2006 to the low point in March 2012, the Case Schiller index of housing prices for Las Vegas dropped 62% to levels last experienced in 1996. Similar price movements occurred in most areas of the state. Although unemployment sky-rocketed, the Great Recession produced a

glut of housing, much of it affordable to middle and low income households. Since that time Nevada home prices have been rebounding, with the Las Vegas Case Schiller index increasing 111% over the lows of March 2012 and back to price levels that last occurred in late 2007. This increase reflects better economic conditions in Nevada, but has decreased housing affordability. Home prices increased in Las Vegas by about 12% from November 2017 to October of 2018.

Figure 1 gives the housing opportunity index from the National Association of Home Builders. The index gives the share of homes sold which were affordable to the median income family. At the peak of the housing boom in 2006, this share was only 15.3% in Reno and 13.0% in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise. As prices plummeted, the share rose to 87.5% in Reno and 88.7% in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise. For the third quarter of 2018, the affordability index stands at 47.6% for Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise and 37.8% in Reno. The Reno index dropped 5.5 points from 3rd quarter 2017 to 3rd quarter 2018, while Las Vegas' decreased over 11 points. Nationally the index increased so that now both Reno and Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise homes are less affordable than the national average.

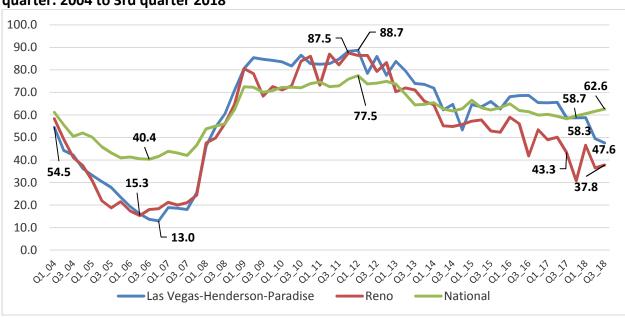


Figure 1. National Association of Home Builders – Wells Fargo Housing Opportunity Index, 1st quarter. 2004 to 3rd quarter 2018

National Association of Home Builders. NAHB-Wells Fargo Housing Opportunity Index. http://www.nahb.org/en/research/housing-economics/housing-indexes/housing-opportunity-index.aspx accessed 1-9-2019

Some remarkable changes took place in Nevada's housing market over the period of the housing boom, bust and recovery. One notable change is homeownership decreased from a high of 65.7% in 2006 to 55.0% in 2017.ⁱⁱⁱ Before the Great Recession the last year the Census Bureau's Nevada homeowner rate series was that low was in 1989. Despite an improving economy, the Nevada homeownership rate has been slow to recover. However, the 2017 annual rate did increase half a percentage point over 2016 and quarterly data indicates potential improvements for the 2018 rate.^{iv}

Rent in Nevada has been increasing faster than renter household income over the past 16 years. The proportion of Nevada's extremely low and very low income renter households (household

incomes under 50% of area median income) experiencing severe rent burden decreased from 59% in the 2006-2010 period to 55% in the 2011-2015 period. VI Severe rent burden occurs when a household pays more than 50% of its income for gross rent. The very long term trend has been an increase in the proportion of households experiencing severe rent burden. For example, in the 2000 Census 48% of Nevada's extremely low and very low income renter households experienced severe rent burden. VII A study from the Joint Center for Housing Studies projects the proportion of American households with severe rent burden will continue to increase for the next decade under all but the most optimistic scenarios. VIII

The rate of homelessness as measured by the point-in-time homeless count per thousand population has seen some stability in Clark County but has been increasing since 2015 in Washoe County. Both counties are well above the national average rate. ix

JURISDICTION HOUSING PLANS & THE TWELVE MEASURES

The jurisdictions subject to NRS 278.235 are required to adopt at least six of twelve specific measures into their Housing Plan. Accordingly, the Housing Division collects Housing Plans and information about when to expect the next update from these jurisdictions.

Table 1: Date of Master Plan Housing Element and Identified Update Year

Jurisdiction	Year of Housing Plan	Update Year
Clark County	2015	2020
Las Vegas	2015	2019
North Las Vegas	2018	2020
Boulder City	2009	Unknown
Henderson	2017	2027
Mesquite	2018	2022
Washoe County	2010	2022
Reno	2017	2019
Sparks	2016	2021

Boulder City did not report a scheduled time for an update. Mesquite and City of North Las Vegas updated the Master Plan Housing Element this year (2018). In some jurisdiction housing elements/plans, a clearer delineation of exactly how at least 6 of the 12 measures have been adopted would be useful. Often the measures which are more related to planning such as subsidization of permits or density bonuses are not easy to find in the jurisdictions' new housing elements, particularly for jurisdictions who are using Consolidated Plans as their Housing Plan updates. This year the City of Henderson submitted a useful narrative which specified exactly which measures have been adopted and used. Good examples of specific attention to the 12 measures may be found in City of Sparks, City of Reno, and City of Boulder City housing elements.

ANNUAL HIGHLIGHTS

The jurisdictions, during the period of January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018, began funding or continued to develop or maintain 2,446 affordable units. These may be considered projects that are "in the pipeline." An additional 247 units of transitional housing or special population supportive housing were also in the pipeline. A total of 746 new affordable units were completed

and added to the inventory, with 42% of them targeted for very low income households. The jurisdictions also helped to preserve 316 units. Full tenant based rental assistance (TBRA) was given to 258 households. Excluding households already receiving full rental assistance, an additional 286 households received other TBRA help including paying of application fees, utility deposits, security deposits or utilities. It is called tenant based because the assistance is to the household and not attached to any specific unit of housing. In addition, 104 homeowners were assisted with home purchases, repair, modification or rehabilitation funds, and 1,529 households or individuals, primarily homeless, received supportive services related to housing. Affordable units reported lost this year totaled 907.

Table 2. Summary of Affordable Housing Activity

Category of housing unit or assistance	Total units or households (includes all nine jurisdictions)*	% Very Low Income
Single family/mobile home for rent or for sale/owner occupied with rent or deed restrictions completed	12 units	58%
Multi-family rehabilitation completed	316 units	37%
New multi-family project completed	734 units	42%
Pipeline projects funded or under construction	2,446 units	47%
Pipeline special population or transitional	247 units	100%
Single family purchase, rehabilitation or modification assistance	104 units	29%
Tenant based rental assistance (TBRA)	258 households	85%
Other TBRA (application fees, deposits, utilities)	286 households	100%
Support services, homeless services, other tenant based assistance	1,529 households	99%

^{*}Duplicate units from joint county and city projects were eliminated in totals where known.

The funding for the units and assistance primarily originated from state or federal sources such as the Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Nevada Low Income Housing Trust Fund, Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS, Emergency Solutions Grant, Low Income Housing Tax Credits, tax exempt private activity bonds or the Community Development Block Grant. Some additional local sources cited were owner equity, non-profit funds, outside agency grants and, in the City of Las Vegas, redevelopment set-aside funds. City of Sparks used general funds to support the Community Assistance Center in a cooperative venture with Washoe County and City of Reno. City of Sparks leases land to a low income housing development and City of Reno donated land for a transitional housing development this past year. Jurisdiction resources were used for planning, staffing, administration, density bonuses, tax abatements, fee waivers and subsidies.

NRS 278.235 requires the adoption of six of 12 possible measures (Sub-paragraphs (a) through (l) of the statute) into the Housing Plan as instruments used in maintaining and developing affordable housing. Exhibit A, attached, shows the 12 measures specified in NRS 278.235. Table 3 below identifies the measures incorporated into each Master Plan and those utilized by each jurisdiction in 2018. All jurisdictions at least passively met this requirement by incorporating six measures into their Master Plan. Clark County and City of Sparks reported the most diverse use of the measures with six measures being actively used. Measures H and K, "Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing" and "Providing money for supportive services necessary to enable

persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing" were the two measures used most often.

Table 3: NRS 278.235 Measures Incorporated into Master Plans and Used in 2018

				Mea	sure	(from	Attac	chmer	nt A)				
Jurisdiction	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	# of measures used
Clark County	X X	X	X		X	X	X X	X X	X	X X	X X	X X	6
Las Vegas	X					X		X X	X		X X	X X	3
N. Las Vegas	X X	X	X		X		Y	X X			X X	X X	5
Boulder City	X	X	X	X			X	X		X			0
Henderson	X X	X			X		X	X X	X X	X X	X X	X	5
Mesquite		X	X	X		X	X			X	X		0
Washoe County	X	X			X	X	X		X	X	Y	X X	2
Reno	X X	X	X X			X		X X	Y	X	X X	X	5
Sparks	X			X X		X X	Y	X X		X X		X X	6
Number of jurisdictions reporting active use	4	0	1	1	0	1	3	6	2	3	6	5	32

X indicates that the NRS 278.235 Measure is in the jurisdiction's Housing Plan.

XX indicates that the NRS 278.236 Measure is in the Housing Plan and the Measure was utilized in 2018.

Y indicates that the Measure was utilized in 2018 but is not incorporated into the jurisdiction's Master Plan.

Table 3 indicates in 2018, in total, the measures were used by the jurisdictions at least 32 times, which is one less than the 2017 total of 33. Figure 2 shows the total number as reported from 2007 to 2018. There seems to be a downward trend in diversity of active use of measures. However, the reporting methodology has also evolved over the time period, so all or part of the reduction could be due to methodological changes. Active use of the measures may also correspond to the economic and fiscal conditions. For example, measure G, which requires expediting approval of affordable housing projects, was not as pressing in an environment which has seen the number of building permits drop sharply. Now as permit activity has increased use of the measure seems to be gaining over the past two years. Nevada has seen significant recovery in permit activity over the last years, from 6,163 units in the lowest year of the recession, 2011, to 19,544 units in 2017 but total units permitted were still 59% lower in 2017 than the peak of 47,728 units permitted in 2005 at the height of the housing bubble.^x

Figure 2. Active Use of Measures

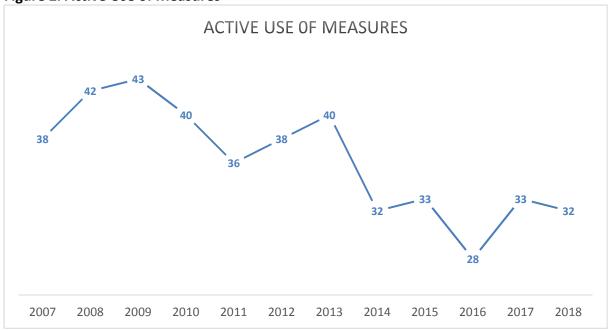


Table 4. Intensity of NRS 278.235 Measure Use 2018: Number of Projects Associated with Active Use of Measure

				Me	easure	(from	Attac	hment	(A)				
Jurisdiction	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	h	I	j	k	l	# of measures used
Clark County	12						10	16		4	5	4	51
Las Vegas								7			1	1	9
N. Las Vegas	3						1	6			1	3	14
Boulder City													0
Henderson	2							3	1	1	2		9
Mesquite													0
Washoe County											3	3	6
Reno	21		1					6	7		2		37
Sparks				1		2	1	2		1		1	8
Number of jurisdictions reporting active use	38	0	1	1	0	2	12	40	8	6	14	12	134

Note that a measure in Table 3 could have been used more than once. To understand more about the intensity of use of measures the number of projects or programs the measure was used for was collected on Form 1 this year. Table 4 displays the results. It is clear that City of Reno and Clark County, as lead agencies for their respective regional HOME consortiums, specialized in housing activities for their region. Both jurisdictions participate often in joint projects. It is also clearer that most use of measures occurred with A, subsidizing impact and building permits, and H, "Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing."

JURISDICTION PROGRESS IN CREATING AND MAINTAINING AFFORDABLE UNITS

As required by NRS 278.235, remaining affordable housing need has been analyzed below in Tables 5 and 6 using information compiled from jurisdiction reports.

Each jurisdiction is required to prepare a five-year Consolidated Plan in order to receive housing funds from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). As part of the housing needs analysis contained in the Consolidated Plan, jurisdictions are required to use the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data supplied by HUD to investigate how many affordable housing units are needed for their population. Starting with the 2015 report, the Housing Division has assigned all jurisdictions the number of affordable units needed (column two in Table 5) using CHAS data. The CHAS estimate of households with one or more housing problems and income under 80% HUD Area Median Income (low income) was used for "total needed" given in column 2. This is a relatively broad and inclusive measure of housing needs. This estimate was adjusted downward by subtracting out CHAS estimates of housing units that are affordable to low income households and also vacant. This helps account for affordable and available private market units. The Division assigns an estimate to help make the estimates comparable across jurisdictions. If a jurisdiction would like to provide an alternate estimate they may work with the division to do so. Clark and Washoe County numbers are for the unincorporated county region only. The 2011 to 2015 CHAS data estimated 263,000 low income Washoe and Clark County households experienced one or more housing problems such as housing cost burden, lack of complete kitchen or plumbing facilities or overcrowding. About 41,000 units were affordable to low income families and vacant. Adjusting for vacant units, there were an estimated 222,000 households in need of housing assistance, up six percent from the 2010 to 2014 estimates. The increase was 7% in Clark County and in Washoe County was 3%. The largest component of change was an increase in households with one or more housing problems that were under 50% of HUD Area Median Income (AMI). Both counties had fewer vacant units.xi

The number given in the third column of Table 5, "total existing end of 2018", matches the Nevada Housing Division list of subsidized housing. The total is tied to an actual list of subsidized housing for each jurisdiction maintained at the Housing Division and checked by the jurisdiction each year. Low income housing included in the list are all types of tax credit properties, private or non-profit properties with project based HUD rental assistance, public housing, USDA Rural Development multi-family housing, properties owned by regional housing authorities, and some properties built or assisted with HOME, Low-income Housing Trust Funds or Neighborhood Stabilization Program funding as well as a small number of properties with other miscellaneous funding. To be included on the list, the properties must either have project based rental assistance, or deed restrictions or other agreements restricting income levels of occupants or rent levels. Using the lists compiled by the Housing Division and the jurisdictions there were a total of 28,985 units of

subsidized or below market housing in existence in the designated jurisdictions at the end of 2017. This was 2% more than 2016's inventory unit count.

The column in Table 5 named "Units Created or Assisted in 2018" includes all categories of 2018 housing activity except for projects that have not yet been completed, the counts of households provided with supportive services and renovated units that already were listed in the inventory of subsidized housing. Thus, the total includes tenant-based rental assistance as well as down-payment assistance for single family owners as well as new units added to the subsidized housing inventory. All these activities helped to provide an individual or family with affordable housing in 2018, so it is important to include these. Tenant based rental assistance is important to include since the majority of households experiencing a housing problem are experiencing housing cost burden. If the household is given rental assistance, the housing problem may be resolved. However, some of these activities do not create long term affordable housing units. A different total is needed to track long-term affordable inventory (see Table 6 in the next section). A total of 1,394 households were reported to be assisted or in new subsidized units in 2018.

The 5th column tallies any units that were previously on the list of subsidized housing but as of 2018 no longer have deed restrictions or other agreements restricting rents or incomes of the inhabitants.

The final column compares total subsidized low income housing units and rental assistance available at the end of 2018 (column 3 plus column 4 minus column 5) with total need for affordable units from the CHAS data (column 2). Subsidized units are expressed as a percentage of total need as measured in the 2011 to 2015 CHAS estimates. This provides a consistent way to compare the scale of low income housing activity across jurisdictions and with regard to total need. Last year for the jurisdictions as a whole the ratio of subsidized units and other assistance to households in need was 14% while this year it was 13%, meaning that there were fewer units and other assistance for each household in need.

Reno again emerged as the jurisdiction with the strongest level of assistance and subsidized units as compared to its total need. In addition, Reno and Sparks had a slight improvement in the ratio of assistance and subsidized units to existing need as compared to 2017. In the southern portion of the state, Las Vegas and Henderson again appeared to have the strongest level of assistance and subsidized units in relation to housing needs. Generally, the southern jurisdictions experienced a decrease in the percentage of units and assistance compared to need.

Although the tenant based rental assistance provided by the jurisdictions is included in column four, federal housing choice vouchers are not included. The final four rows allow comparison of the two counties with and without housing choice vouchers included. Using Housing Choice Voucher data available at Housing Authority level, Table 5 demonstrates how housing assistance and subsidized units available increase substantially when vouchers are taken into account. Taking into account voucher availability, there were approximately four households in need in Washoe County for each household assisted while in Clark County there were nearly six households in need for each household assisted.

The 2016 survey of tax credit projects found that 9% of households in Clark County tax credit funded units and 14% in Washoe County use vouchers.^{xii} Estimates below accounted for this overlap.^{xiii} One caveat is that the total need estimate is older than the units and voucher data.

Improved economic conditions may possibly have reduced the total need, or higher rents may have increased total need, but 2016 to 2018 data is not yet reflected in available CHAS data estimates.

Table 5: Analysis of Remaining Affordable Housing Need

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Jurisdiction	Total Needed*	Total Existing End of 2017**	Units Created or Households Assisted in 2018***	Units Converted to Private Market in 2018	Assistance and subsidized units as % of existing need
Clark Unincorporated	81,345	8,219	445	764	10%
Las Vegas	55,490	8,866	134	0	16%
N. Las Vegas	19,370	1,453	120	143	7%
Boulder City	1,060	59	0	0	6%
Henderson	20,665	2,945	69	0	15%
Mesquite	1,580	111	0	0	7%
Washoe Unincorporated	7,630	0	22	0	0%
Reno	26,120	6,269	546	0	26%
Sparks	8,980	1,063	58	0	12%
Total	222,240	28,985	1,394	907	13%
Washoe Co. total without vouchers	42,730	7,332	626	0	19%
Washoe Co. total with vouchers	42,730	9,375	626	0	23%
Clark Co. total without vouchers	179,510	21,653	768	907	12%
Clark Co. total with vouchers	179,510	32,008	768	907	18%

^{*}This estimate is total number of low income households with one or more housing problem minus units that are affordable and available to low income households from the 2011 to 2015 CHAS data

It should be noted that there are limitations to the data presented in Table 5. For example, there is not always a mechanism for jurisdictions to be definitively aware of units no longer maintained as affordable housing. Many housing subsidy programs involve privately owned properties with terms of affordability. After the affordability period expires, owners may pursue other purposes for the property. In instances where the Housing Division is familiar with units no longer affordable due to expiring participation, the Division shares this information with the jurisdictions but this will not include all types of affordable housing. Also, it is possible that low income housing activity takes place without involvement of the jurisdiction through the twelve measures. In these cases, in so far at the Division is aware of the activity it will be added into the inventory lists but may not be included in reports from jurisdictions; that is, the housing activity lists from

^{**}This is total units from a list of subsidized housing agreed on between the Division and each jurisdiction.

^{***}includes a count of all multi-family or single-family units which had construction or renovated units new to the inventory that were finished during the time period, as well as a count of households assisted with affordable single family mortgages, renovations or repairs, and tenant based rental assistance. Supportive services for housing arrangements, and rehabilitation of units already part of the subsidized unit inventory were not included.

jurisdictions are usually, but not necessarily comprehensive. Also, the CHAS estimates are several years behind the housing unit counts consisting of an average derived from the five year American Community Survey samples. Especially wide confidence intervals make the CHAS estimates on the smallest jurisdictions unreliable. The mechanism used for adjusting for available private market units is limited because the housing is not necessarily affordable to households at the lowest income levels.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS OF HOUSING NEED: TYPES OF HOUSING PROBLEMS

The total need in Table 5 above is number of low income households, including both renters and owners, with one or more housing problems minus units that are affordable and available to low income households from the 2011 to 2015 CHAS data. The analysis below adds additional information about the four types of problems experienced by low income households. The four problems tracked in the CHAS data are lack of full kitchen, lack of complete plumbing, overcrowding or cost burden. Full kitchens are defined as having a sink with faucet, stove or range and a refrigerator within the housing unit. Full plumbing facilities refer to hot and cold running water and bathtub or shower within the unit. Overcrowding is more than 1 person per room while severe overcrowding is more than 1.5 persons per room excluding bathrooms and halls. Housing cost burden occurs when housing costs are greater than 30% of household income and severe housing cost burden when they are greater than 50% of household income. Typically housing cost burden accounts for the largest proportion of households with a housing problem.

As can be seen in Figure 5, about 65% of the households with incomes under 80% of AMI in Washoe and Clark County have full plumbing and kitchen facilities and do not have overcrowding but do have some degree of housing cost burden. This corresponds to about 190,000 households in Clark County and 41,000 in Washoe County. Four percent of households with incomes under 80% AMI have zero or negative income so that rent burden cannot be calculated, but do not have any of the other three housing problems. Another 22% to 23% of this population do not have any of the four housing problems. Households with overcrowding or lack of full kitchen and plumbing facilities made up 8-9% of those with one of four housing problems. This corresponds to about 24,000 households in Clark County and 7,000 households in Washoe County who may have an inadequate or overcrowded unit. Homeless families and individuals are not included in the CHAS count of households with housing problems but clearly a fuller accounting should include consideration of these households. Over the years from 2011 to 2018, Clark County Continuum of Care (CoC) counted 6,000 to 8,000 homeless individuals each year during the point-in-time count while Washoe County CoC counted from 750 to 1,200 homeless individuals.

The lack of full kitchen and/or plumbing facilities does not fully capture housing inadequacies. In some cases, such as an SRO unit, the lack of full kitchen and plumbing facilities within the unit may still make for safe, decent and sanitary housing. In many other cases a unit with full kitchen and plumbing facilities may have other severe housing issues such as a lack of temperature control, holes in the roof, rat infestation, breakdown of electrical wires, etc. The biennial American Housing Survey (AHS) collects much more detailed information on all types of housing inadequacies than does the American Community Survey. For Las Vegas in 2017, AHS estimated 7,000 occupied units in Las Vegas had severe physical problems and an additional 20,600 occupied units had moderate physical problems. There were no estimates for Washoe County. xvii

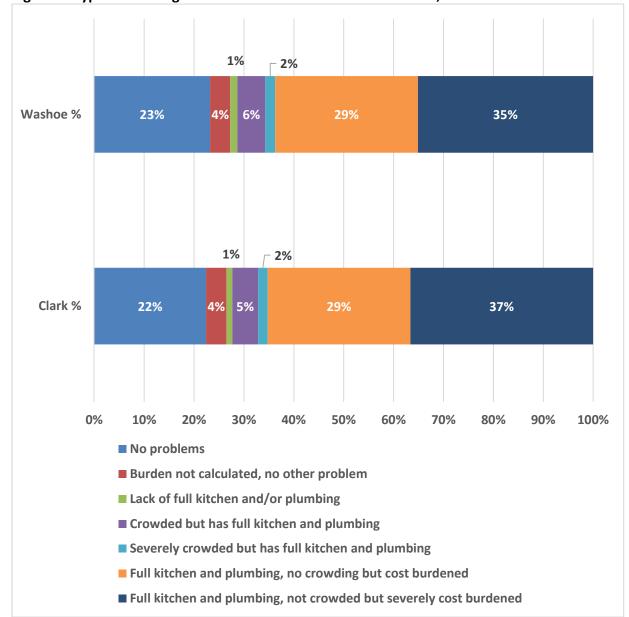


Figure 2. Type of Housing Problem for 0 to 80% AMI Households, 2011-2015

¹ HUD CHAS 2011-2015 from HUD CHAS data query tool: http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/cp/CHAS/data_querytool_chas.html accessed 7-13-2018 and tabulations by the author.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING INVENTORY

Table 6 summarizes changes to the inventory of subsidized housing units in the nine jurisdictions. If only new, or renovated units new to the inventory, reported as completed in 2018 are counted (see Table 6) the total increase is 746 units, 52% more than the 492 units reported last year. Last year, no units converted to private market units. This year 907 units converted to private market units, meaning that total units on the subsidized housing list decreased in net by 161 units or 1%.

Table 6: Affordable Housing Inventory

Jurisdiction	Total Existing 2017*	Created in 2018**	Units Converted to Private Market 2018	Total	% Change in units over 2017
Clark Co. Unincorporated	8,219	349	764	7,804	-5%
Las Vegas	8,866	0	0	8,866	0%
N. Las Vegas	1,453	120	143	1,430	-2%
Boulder City	59	0	0	59	0%
Henderson	2,945	7	0	2,952	0%
Mesquite	111	0	0	111	0%
Washoe Co. Unincorporated	0	0	0	0	NA
Reno	6,269	230	0	6,499	4%
Sparks	1,063	40	0	1,103	4%
Total	28,985	746	907	28,824	-1%

^{*}Total from NHD subsidized housing database and jurisdiction reports.

Often, jurisdictions cooperate in the production of housing units. Multiple jurisdictions may support and report the same project, creating overlap. Overlapping this year were the 120 new units reported by City of North Las Vegas and Clark County, and 40 units reported by both the City of Reno and City of Sparks which have been accounted for in the numbers reported above.

A time series of Annual Housing Progress Report (AHPR) inventory of subsidized units is now available from the AHPR's from the 2015 report when a new baseline was established for 2014 to the current year. Table 7 gives this time series for all AHPR jurisdictions. The total change in units from 2014 to 2018 is calculated. In addition totals for Washoe and Clark are given along with Nevada demographer population estimates and 2018 population projection for the two counties. Most jurisdictions experienced a net loss in total subsidized units over this time period with the exception being Henderson with a net gain of 154 units, or 6%, and Reno with a net gain of 328 units or 5%. For Clark County as a whole, there was a net loss of nearly 800 units (4%) while population over the period increased by 8%, according to the Nevada Demographer estimates and 2018 projection. Washoe County as a whole increased in net by 217 units (3%) but there was a 5% increase in population over the period. This information is summarized in Figure 3 which shows number of subsidized units per 1,000 population for both counties. Clark County has shown a uniform decrease in this metric while Washoe County experienced an uptick this past year.

Table 7. Subsidized Housing Inventory 2014 to 2018 with Demographer Population Estimates and Projection

Jurisdiction	2014*	2015	2016	2017	2018	Change 2014 to 2018	% Change 2014 to 2018
Clark Co.	8,411	8,779	8,089	8,219	7,804	-607	-7%
Las Vegas	8,982	8,576	8,594	8,866	8,866	-116	-1%

^{**}Included in this category were new and renovated units new to the inventory that were completed in 2018 for both multi-family and single family rentals and single family owner occupied with deed restrictions.

Jurisdiction	2014*	2015	2016	2017	2018	Change 2014 to 2018	% Change 2014 to 2018
N. Las Vegas	1,657	1,410	1,414	1,453	1,430	-227	-14%
Boulder City	59	59	59	59	59	0	0%
Henderson	2,798	2,935	2,938	2,945	2,952	154	6%
Mesquite	111	111	111	111	111	0	0%
Washoe Co.		0	0	0	0	0	
Reno	6,171	6,200	6,225	6,269	6,499	328	5%
Sparks	1,214	1,170	1,063	1,063	1,103	-111	-9%
Total	29,403	29,240	28,493	28,985	28,824	-579	-2%
Clark Co. total	22,018	21,870	21,205	21,653	21,222	-796	-4%
Washoe Co. total	7,385	7,370	7,288	7,332	7,602	217	3%
Clark Co. population	2,069,450	2,118,353	2,116,181	2,193,818	2,229,396	159,946	8%
Washoe Co. population	436,797	441,946	448,316	451,923	457,112	20,315	5%

^{*2014} baseline numbers have been changed to reflect minor corrections made to the baseline the following year Sources: Annual Housing Progress Reports 2015 to 2018, Governor Certified Population Estimates of Nevada's Counties, Cities and Towns 2000 to 2017, DRAFT Population Projections for Nevada and its Counties 2018 to 2022 Based on the 2017 Estimate, Office of the State Demographer for Nevada, https://tax.nv.gov/Publications/Population_Statistics_and_Reports/

Figure 3. Subsidized Units per 1,000 Population for Washoe and Clark County, 2014 to 2018



NOTABLE HOUSING INITIATIVES IN 2018

In response to the housing issues discussed in the context section above, the Truckee Meadows Regional Planning Agency along with other regional agencies have been developing a regional comprehensive housing strategy over the past several years and the City of Reno has developed a multi-pronged approach to the "Housing Puzzle." Some solutions and suggested solutions fit within the 12 measures while some go beyond those measures. Some examples of suggested

innovative solutions that do not readily fit within the 12 measure framework are inclusionary zoning, motel inspections and a good landlord program. Fitting within the measures framework, the City of Reno donated land and money this year to assist with building a 225 unit dorm-style affordable housing project which is currently in the pipeline. A 230 unit affordable senior project was finished this year in Reno and a 40 unit family project was finished in Sparks. In the pipeline are an additional 842 new affordable units, 193 of which will be set-aside for very low income households. Three of those are large properties being built with the bond and 4% tax credit program. The largest of these three is a mixed income property with 419 market rate apartments, 38 set aside for households under 60% AMI and another 117 for households under 50% AMI. Another smaller renovation project is using National Housing Trust Funds and will add 23 new units for homeless and other special needs individuals.

In Clark County a second 50 unit phase of a supportive housing development that will target homeless and very low-income veterans with disabilities was started. It will be financed in part with National Housing Trust Funds. Two additional small properties will provide housing to individuals with medical needs and traumatic brain injury. One of these properties is a joint project with North Las Vegas. A total of four new Clark County multi-family projects with 464 new units were completed this year including a complete tear-down and rebuild of a public housing project in collaboration with City of North Las Vegas and Southern Nevada Regional Housing Authority. Renovation of public housing properties using, in part, tax credit funding, continues at a rate of one or two a year in southern Nevada. Another public housing property renovation in Henderson is now in the pipeline. An additional nine new projects with 823 units are in the Clark County pipeline, one of which is a joint project with North Las Vegas, and two are joint projects with the City of Las Vegas. Over 90% of these units are set aside for very low income households. Additional new properties are under way in City of Las Vegas (333 new units) and City of North Las Vegas (292 new units).

CONCLUSION

This year 323 units were renovated, a number very similar to last year's. Twenty-two multi-family projects were funded or are currently under construction. Eighteen of these projects with over 2,200 units are new construction including many larger properties with funding through the private activity bond program. The number of units added to the inventory of subsidized housing in the AHPR jurisdictions, 746, was 52% higher than the number added in 2017, with a large increase in units added now logged over the past two years. However, a large number of affordable units converted to private market units which resulted in a net decrease in the subsidized housing inventory. Such losses have made it difficult to increase net inventory of subsidized units which decreased 2% by over 500 units over the past four years.

The primary measure of housing need included in this report, subsidized units and other assistance as a percentage of households in need, has decreased since last year for the jurisdictions as a whole, indicating no progress on this metric. Interest in affordable housing in the participating jurisdictions has been keen this past year however, generating much activity in building and many new ideas for addressing housing affordability, some of which lie outside the 12 measures the AHPR covers.

For further information or to answer questions regarding this report please contact Elizabeth Fadali at efadali@Housing.NV.gov or 775.687.2238.

Attachment A - NRS 278.235

The governing statute underlying the Annual Housing Progress Report.

NRS 278.235 Adoption of measures to maintain and develop affordable housing to carry out housing plan required in master plan; annual reports.

http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NRS/NRS-278.html#NRS278Sec0235

- 1. If the governing body of a city or county is required to include the housing element in its master plan pursuant to NRS 278.150, the governing body, in carrying out the plan for maintaining and developing affordable housing to meet the housing needs of the community, which is required to be included in the housing element pursuant to subparagraph (8) of paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 278.160, shall adopt at least six of the following measures:
- (a) At the expense of the city or county, as applicable, subsidizing in whole or in part impact fees and fees for the issuance of building permits collected pursuant to NRS 278.580.
- (b) Selling land owned by the city or county, as applicable, to developers exclusively for the development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land, and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of housing in such a development. Nothing in this paragraph authorizes a city or county to obtain land pursuant to the power of eminent domain for the purposes set forth in this paragraph.
- (c) Donating land owned by the city or county to a nonprofit organization to be used for affordable housing.
 - (d) Leasing land by the city or county to be used for affordable housing.
- (e) Requesting to purchase land owned by the Federal Government at a discounted price for the creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public Law 105-263.
- (f) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing that must be used for the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing.
- (g) Establishing a process that expedites the approval of plans and specifications relating to maintaining and developing affordable housing.
- (h) Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits, private activity bonds or money from a governmental entity for affordable housing, including, without limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.
- (i) Providing financial incentives or density bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented housing developments that would include an affordable housing component.
 - (j) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to encourage the development of affordable housing.
- (k) Providing direct financial assistance to qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of affordable housing.
- (l) Providing money for supportive services necessary to enable persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing in accordance with a need for supportive housing identified in the 5-year consolidated plan adopted by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the city or county pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12705 and described in 24 C.F.R. Part 91.
- 2. On or before January 15 of each year, the governing body shall submit to the Housing Division of the Department of Business and Industry a report, in the form prescribed by the Division, of how the measures adopted pursuant to subsection 1 assisted the city or county in maintaining and developing affordable housing to meet the needs of the community for the preceding year. The report must include an analysis of the need for affordable housing within the city or county that exists at the end of the reporting period.
- 3. On or before February 15 of each year, the Housing Division shall compile the reports submitted pursuant to subsection 2 and post the compilation on the Internet website of the Housing Division. (Added to NRS by 2007, 1517; A 2009, 2764; 2013, 1506; 2017, 1038)

Attachment B – Form 1 From Jurisdiction Reports

	A	В	С
	INCORPORATED	USED IN 2018	NARRATIVE REGARDING
MEASURE	INTO HOUSING	(PLEASE "X" TO	BENEFITS OR BARRIERS
	PLAN	DENOTE)	TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as			Used for 7 affordable projects in
applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact	X	X	progress and 5 projects finishing this
fees and fees for the issuance of building permits			year.
collected pursuant to NRS 278.350			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as			
applicable, to developers exclusively for the			
development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land,	X		
and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or	Λ		
reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of			
housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable	X		
housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used			
for affordable housing.			
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the			
creation of affordable housing pursuant to the	X		
provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada	Λ		
Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public			
Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing			
that must be used for the acquisition, construction	X		
or rehabilitation of affordable housing.			
G) Establishing a process that expedites the	***	***	Used for 8 affordable projects in
approval of plans and specifications relating to	X	X	progress and 2 finishing this year.
maintaining and developing affordable housing.			
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses			
for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income			
housing tax credits, private activity bonds or			Used for 10 affordable projects in
money from a governmental entity for affordable	X	X	progress and 6 finishing this year.
housing, including, without limitation, money			progress and o ministing this year.
received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42			
U.S.C. § 8013.			
I) Providing financial incentives or density			
bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented	77		
housing developments that would include an	X		
affordable housing component.			
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to	v	v	Used for 2 affordable projects in
encourage the development of affordable housing.	X	X	progress and 2 finishing this year.
K) Providing direct financial assistance to			
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of	X	X	Used for 5 different programs
affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services			
necessary to enable persons with supportive			Used for 4 different programs and
housing needs to reside in affordable housing in	X	X	one additional not yet in operation.
accordance with the need identified in the			one additional not you in operation.
jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan. Clark County—Form 1, 2018 Appual Housing Report			

	A	В	С
	INCORPORATED	USED IN 2018	NARRATIVE REGARDING
MEASURE	INTO HOUSING	(PLEASE "X" TO	BENEFITS OR BARRIERS
MEASURE	PLAN	DENOTE)	TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the evenence of the city on county or	<i>FLAN</i>	DENOTE)	TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as			NI CC - 1 11 1 1 ' '
applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact	X		No affordable housing projects were
fees and fees for the issuance of building permits			proposed.
collected pursuant to NRS 278.350			
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as			
applicable, to developers exclusively for the			
development of affordable housing at not more			No affordable housing projects were
than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land,	X		proposed.
and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or			proposed.
reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of			
housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			No affordable housing projects were
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable	X		proposed.
housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used	X		No affordable housing projects were
for affordable housing.	Λ		proposed.
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the			
creation of affordable housing pursuant to the			
provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada			
Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public			
Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing			
that must be used for the acquisition, construction			
or rehabilitation of affordable housing.			
G) Establishing a process that expedites the			NT CC1 -1 -1
approval of plans and specifications relating to	X		No affordable housing projects were
maintaining and developing affordable housing.			proposed.
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for			
affordable housing developments that are financed,			
wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits,			No affordable housing projects were
private activity bonds or money from a governmental	X		proposed.
entity for affordable housing, including, without			proposed.
limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §			
1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.			
I) Providing financial incentives or density			
bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented			
housing developments that would include an			
affordable housing component.			
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to	X		No affordable housing projects were
encourage the development of affordable housing.			proposed.
K) Providing direct financial assistance to			
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of			
affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services			
necessary to enable persons with supportive			
housing needs to reside in affordable housing in			
accordance with the need identified in the			
jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.			

	A	В	С
	INCORPORATED	USED IN 2018	NARRATIVE REGARDING
MEASURE	INTO HOUSING	(PLEASE "X" TO	BENEFITS OR BARRIERS
MENSORE	PLAN	DENOTE)	TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as	I LIMV	DLIVOIL)	TO USE OF MEASURE
			2 instances: Espinoza Terrace, not
applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact	X	X	yet finished and Housing Rehab
fees and fees for the issuance of building permits			Program, complete
collected pursuant to NRS 278.350			
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as			
applicable, to developers exclusively for the			
development of affordable housing at not more			
than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land,	X		
and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or			
reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of			
housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable			
housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used			
for affordable housing.			
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the			
creation of affordable housing pursuant to the			
provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada	X		
Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public			
Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing			
that must be used for the acquisition, construction			
or rehabilitation of affordable housing.			
G) Establishing a process that expedites the	X		
approval of plans and specifications relating to	Λ		
maintaining and developing affordable housing.			
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses			
for affordable housing developments that are			
financed, wholly or in part, with low-income			
housing tax credits, private activity bonds or	X	X	Three programs – (2 single family
money from a governmental entity for affordable			and 1 multi-family), 2 completed
housing, including, without limitation, money			
received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42			
U.S.C. § 8013.			
I) Providing financial incentives or density			
bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented	X	X	1 single family project completed
housing developments that would include an	Λ	Λ	1 single family project completed
affordable housing component.			
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to	X	X	1 single family project completed
encourage the development of affordable housing.	, A	A	1 single family project completed
K) Providing direct financial assistance to			
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of	X	X	2 TBRA programs
affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services			
necessary to enable persons with supportive			
housing needs to reside in affordable housing in	X		
accordance with the need identified in the			
jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.			
January 11011 b Componented 1 Iun.	l	<u> </u>	

	A	В	С
MEASURE	INCORPORATED INTO HOUSING PLAN	USED IN 2018 (PLEASE "X" TO DENOTE)	NARRATIVE REGARDING BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact fees and fees for the issuance of building permits collected pursuant to NRS 278.350	X	TO DENOTE)	
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as applicable, to developers exclusively for the development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land, and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a nonprofit organization to be used for affordable housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used for affordable housing.E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing that must be used for the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing.	Х		
G) Establishing a process that expedites the approval of plans and specifications relating to maintaining and developing affordable housing.			
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits, private activity bonds or money from a governmental entity for affordable housing, including, without limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.	X	X	Used on 1 single family project (completed), 5 multi-family projects (1 completed) and HOPWA Permanent and Transitional housing supportive services (1 project)
I) Providing financial incentives or density bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented housing developments that would include an affordable housing component.	X		
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to encourage the development of affordable housing. K) Providing direct financial assistance to			
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of affordable housing. L) Providing money for supportive services	X	X	TBRA (1 instance)
necessary to enable persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing in accordance with the need identified in the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.	X	X	HOPWA (1 instance)

Based upon previous reporting and a review of individual housing plans, NHD has identified the measures incorporated into your jurisdiction's Housing Plan (Column A). Please indicate in column B the measures used to assist in maintaining and developing affordable during the reporting period. Please provide a narrative in Column C regarding the success or difficulty in using adopted measures and/or why measures not adopted in the plan were used. Please note that Housing Qualifies under NRS 278.235 as affordable if it serves with incomes at or below 80 percent of area median

income as determined by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for each jurisdiction.

income as determined by the US Department of Housing as			
MEAGUE	INCORPORATED	UTILIZED IN	NARRATIVE REGARDING
MEASURE	INTO HOUSING	2018 (PLEASE	BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO
A) At d	PLAN	"X" TO DENOTE)	USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as			
applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact			
fees and fees for the issuance of building permits			
collected pursuant to NRS 278.350			
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as			
applicable, to developers exclusively for the			Recommendation 3
development of affordable housing at not more			(City of Mesquite Recommended
than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land,	X		Affordable Housing Policy, see
and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or			
reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of			attached)
housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable	X		Recommendation 2
housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used	**		B 1.1. 4
for affordable housing.	X		Recommendation 4
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the			
creation of affordable housing pursuant to the			
provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada			
Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public			
Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing			
that must be used for the acquisition, construction	X		Recommendation 5
or rehabilitation of affordable housing.	Λ		Recommendation 5
G) Establishing a process that expedites the			
approval of plans and specifications relating to	X		Recommendation 1
maintaining and developing affordable housing.	^		Recommendation 1
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for			
affordable housing developments that are financed,			
wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits,			
private activity bonds or money from a governmental			
entity for affordable housing, including, without			
limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §			
1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.			
I) Providing financial incentives or density			
bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented			
housing developments that would include an			
affordable housing component.			
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to	Х		Recommendation 6
encourage the development of affordable housing.	^		Neconinienation 0
K) Providing direct financial assistance to			
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of	Х		Recommendation 7
affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services			
necessary to enable persons with supportive			
housing needs to reside in affordable housing in			
accordance with the need identified in the			
jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.			

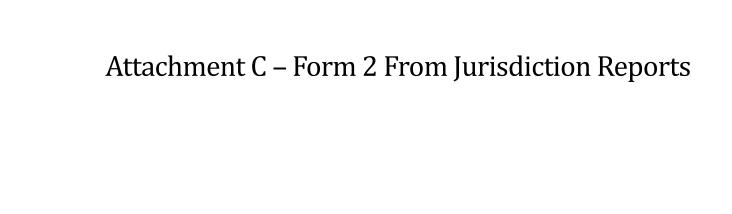
	A	В	С
	INCORPORATED	USED IN 2018	NARRATIVE REGARDING
MEASURE	INTO HOUSING	(PLEASE "X" TO	BENEFITS OR BARRIERS
	PLAN	DENOTE)	TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as	1 22 11 7	BEI(CIE)	
applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact			Rose Garden RAD (completed)
fees and fees for the issuance of building permits	X	X	2 instances for North 5 th St Phase I
collected pursuant to NRS 278.350			and I, first time reported
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as			
applicable, to developers exclusively for the			
development of affordable housing at not more			
than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land,	X		
and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or	71		
reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of			
housing in such a development.			
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable	X		
housing.	Λ		
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used			
for affordable housing.			
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the			
Federal Government at a discounted price for the			
creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada	X		
1 *			
Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public			
Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing			
that must be used for the acquisition, construction			
or rehabilitation of affordable housing.			
G) Establishing a process that expedites the		N/	D C 1 DAD (1.1)
approval of plans and specifications relating to		X	Rose Garden RAD (complete)
maintaining and developing affordable housing.			TD T
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for			Two Instances with completions:
affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits,			Rose Garden Renovation and Rehab
private activity bonds or money from a governmental	v	V	and Rose Garden RAD, four
entity for affordable housing, including, without	X	X	instances started: Madison Palms and
limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §			Spencer Street, North 5 th Phase I and
1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.			II
I) Providing financial incentives or density			
•			
bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented			
housing developments that would include an			
affordable housing component. J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to			
, ,			
encourage the development of affordable housing.			
K) Providing direct financial assistance to	v	V	Rose Garden RAD
qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of	X	X	
affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services			
necessary to enable persons with supportive	37	37	Case management for homeless and
housing needs to reside in affordable housing in	X	X	low income through four programs –
accordance with the need identified in the			3 programs
jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.			

	A	В	С
MEASURE	INCORPORATED INTO HOUSING PLAN	USED IN 2018 (PLEASE "X" TO DENOTE)	NARRATIVE REGARDING BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact fees and fees for the issuance of building permits collected pursuant to NRS 278.350	Х	,	
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as applicable, to developers exclusively for the development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land, and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of housing in such a development.	X		
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a nonprofit organization to be used for affordable housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used for affordable housing.			
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the Federal Government at a discounted price for the creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public Law 105-263.	X		
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing that must be used for the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing.	X		
G) Establishing a process that expedites the approval of plans and specifications relating to maintaining and developing affordable housing.	X		
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits, private activity bonds or money from a governmental entity for affordable housing, including, without limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.			
I) Providing financial incentives or density bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented housing developments that would include an affordable housing component.	X		
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to encourage the development of affordable housing.	X		
K) Providing direct financial assistance to qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of affordable housing.		X	3 programs
L) Providing money for supportive services necessary to enable persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing in accordance with the need identified in the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.	X	X	3 programs

	A	В	С
MEASURE	INCORPORATED INTO HOUSING PLAN	USED IN 2018 (PLEASE "X" TO DENOTE)	NARRATIVE REGARDING BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact fees and fees for the issuance of building permits collected pursuant to NRS 278.350	X	X	21 instances, projects not yet completed
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as applicable, to developers exclusively for the development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land, and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of housing in such a development.	X		
C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a nonprofit organization to be used for affordable housing.	X	X	1 instance
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used for affordable housing.			
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the Federal Government at a discounted price for the creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing that must be used for the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing.	X		
G) Establishing a process that expedites the approval of plans and specifications relating to			
maintaining and developing affordable housing. H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits, private activity bonds or money from a governmental entity for affordable housing, including, without limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.	X	X	6 instances recorded of which 2 projects are completed.
I) Providing financial incentives or density bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented housing developments that would include an affordable housing component.		X	2 instances, projects not yet completed
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to encourage the development of affordable housing.	X		
K) Providing direct financial assistance to qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of affordable housing.	X	X	2 programs
L) Providing money for supportive services necessary to enable persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing in accordance with the need identified in the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.	X		

	A	В	С
MEASURE	INCORPORATED INTO HOUSING PLAN	USED IN 2018 (PLEASE "X" TO DENOTE)	NARRATIVE REGARDING BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO USE OF MEASURE
A) At the expense of the city or county, as applicable, subsidizing in whole or part, impact fees and fees for the issuance of building permits collected pursuant to NRS 278.350	X		
B) Selling land owned by the city or county, as applicable, to developers exclusively for the development of affordable housing at not more than 10 percent of the appraised value of the land, and requiring that any such savings, subsidy or reduction in price be passed on to the purchaser of housing in such a development. C) Donating land owned by the city or county to a			
nonprofit organization to be used for affordable housing.			
D) Leasing land by the city or county to be used for affordable housing.	X	X	One instance. The City of Sparks Redevelopment Agency continues to lease land to Sierra Crest Sr. Apts, a 72-unit apartment complex located along a principal transit oriented development corridor. The term of the ground lease is through 2055. All of the units are affordable to households with incomes ranging between 30 and 50 percent of the Area Median Income.
E) Requesting to purchase land owned by the Federal Government at a discounted price for the creation of affordable housing pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b) of the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998, Public Law 105-263.			
F) Establishing a trust fund for affordable housing that must be used for the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing.	X	X	In 2018, the City of Sparks Housing Rehabilitation Program successfully implemented 9 Deferred Loans and 9 Emergency Repair Grants for a total of 18 single family households assisted. (2 programs)
G) Establishing a process that expedites the approval of plans and specifications relating to maintaining and developing affordable housing.		X	Used for Alpine Haven, completed
H) Providing money, support or density bonuses for affordable housing developments that are financed, wholly or in part, with low-income housing tax credits, private activity bonds or money from a governmental entity for affordable housing, including, without limitation, money received pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701q and 42 U.S.C. § 8013.	X	X	2 instances. Used for Alpine Haven (completed). The city of Sparks allocates our Private Activity Bond Cap (PABC) authority to allow home buyers in Sparks and elsewhere in the state to use the MCC program to assist in purchase through the State of Nevada Housing Division and Nevada Rural Housing Authority (NRHA).

	A	В	C
MEASURE	INCORPORATED INTO HOUSING PLAN	USED IN 2018 (PLEASE "X" TO DENOTE)	NARRATIVE REGARDING BENEFITS OR BARRIERS TO USE OF MEASURE
I) Providing financial incentives or density bonuses to promote appropriate transit-oriented housing developments that would include an affordable housing component.	1211	DENOTE,	•
J) Offering density bonuses or other incentives to encourage the development of affordable housing.	X	X	One instance. Alpine Haven was completed. This project was developed under the MUD (Mixed Use District) which allows for higher densities and eliminates the need for master plan amendments for higher densities while simplifying the entitlement process.
K) Providing direct financial assistance to qualified applicants for the purchase or rental of affordable housing.			
L) Providing money for supportive services necessary to enable persons with supportive housing needs to reside in affordable housing in accordance with the need identified in the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.	X	X	City of Sparks allocates funding to support the operations of the Community Assistance Center (CAC) (AKA - Homeless Center) and supportive services with the City of Reno and Washoe County.



Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing.

For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2238 or at efadali@housing.nv.gov

City or County Name:	Clark County	Year of Housing Plan: 2015
Contact Person:	Deanna Judkins	Year for Update of Plan: 2020
Title:	Grants Coordinator	
Phone:	702-455-5026 Email:	Deanna.Judkins@ClarkCountyNV.gov
Reporting Period:	1/1/2018_ to	12/31/2018

	Column 1	Column 2			Column 3	Colu	mn 4	Colu	mn 5		Column 6	6	Column 7	Colur	nn 8	Column 9
	Measure (refer to letter on	Project Information				Indicate N Units	Lost Very Low	Units Ma	Very Low	Number Fund Total	ed/Devel Low	loped Very	Unit Type	No. of Units	Term	Narrative Attached
	Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Income	Income	Income	Income		Income	Income	Tenure	Restricted	(years)	(Y or N)
1	A, G, H	Nevada HAND Boulder Pines	4315 Boulder Highway	89121	С					96	0	96	MFR	96	50	N
2	Н	AHPI Dorothy Kidd Senior Mobile Home Park	5380 E. Flamingo Road	89122	С					5	0	5	MobileR	5	20	N
3	Н	AHPI Walnut Street Apartments	Walnut Road & Cecile Ave	89115	U			0	0	8	0	8	MFR	8	20	N
4	A, H, J	Nevada HAND - Boulder Pines Apartments, Phase II	4315 Boulder Highway	89121	С					168	156	2	MFR	158	30	N
5	A, H	SSH - Madison Palms Senior (joint project with NLV)	3150 W. Ann Road, NLV Northeast of Russell Rd. &	89031	U					128	0	127	MFR	127	50	N
6	A, G, H J	CLSN - Russell Seniors, Phase III AKA Tempo III	Hollywood Blvd, Las Vegas	89122	С					105	0	90	MFR	90	50	N
7	А, Н	AHPI - Rose Gardens (joint project with NLV and SNRHA subsidiary AHP)	1731 Yale St, NLV	89030	C- NLV		120*			120	0	120	MFR	120	50	N
8	A,G,H, L	ASI Veterans Supportive Apts Phase II/Allegiance Apts	3777 Pecos McLeod Interconnect, Las Vegas	89121	U					50	0	49	MFR	49	50	N
9	A,G,H,J	CLSN - Fort Apache Senior Apartments (10 HOME units, 20 yr restrictions)	9550 W. Russell	89148	U					195	0	195	MFR	195	30	Υ
10	н	ACSFH - Carefree Living Overton	130 S. Conley St.	89040	U				20				MFR	20	50	N
11	н	Espinoza Terrace (with Henderson)	171 W. Van Wagenan St.	89015	U				100				MFR	100	50	N
12	К	Help of SN - CABHI (monthly rent, LIHTF)	Various Addresses	N/A	N/A					34	0	34	Other	N/A	N/A	N
13	К	Help of SN - Hospital to Home (monthly rent, LIHTF)	Various Addresses	N/A	N/A					62	0	62	Other	N/A	N/A	N
14	K,L	HELP of SN - Emergency Resource Services	Various Addresses	N/A	N/A					50	0	50	Other	N/A	N/A	Y
15	K,L	St. Jude's Ranch New Crossings Rapid Rehousing	Various Addresses	N/A	N/A					112	0	112	Other	N/A	N/A	Υ
16	K,L	Salvation Army Rapid Rehousing	Various Addresses	N/A	N/A					87	0	87	Other	N/A	N/A	Υ
17	A,G,H A,G,H	Nevada Hand - Flamingo Pines 1 (6 HOME units, 20 yr restriction) Nevada Hand - Flamingo Pines 2 (6 HOME units, 20 yr restriction)	8710 W. Flamingo Road 8710 W Flamingo Road	89147 89147	F F					66	0	53	MFR	53	50	Y
19	G, H	AHPI - Wardelle Street Townhouses (joint with Las Vegas, 7 HOME units, 20 yr restriction)	2901 E. Bonanza Road	89101	F					64	7	54	MFR	61	20	Υ
20	A,G,L	ASI - Stepping Stone Apartments (NSP, special needs units)	South Mohave Road	89104	F					10	0	10	MFR	10	20	Y
21	A, G, H	SSH - City Impact Senior Housing (6 HOME units with 20 yr restrictions,	978 E Sahara Avenue	89104	F					66	0	66	MFR	66	50	Y
22	A,G,H,J	CLSN - Oquendo Road Senior Apartments (9 HOME units, 20 yr restriction)	West Oquendo Road	89148	F					201	6	195	MFR	201	20	Y
23	NA	Mi Casita/Pinewood	3600 Swenson St.	89109	L	764							MFR	NA	NA	N
24	NA	Silver Creek - still affordable. Check again in 2019.	6170 Boulder Hwy.	89122	NA	224							MFR	NA	NA	N
insert addi	itional rows															
	Total					764	0	0	120	374	156	193		1412		
Perce	ent of Total					704	Ů		.20	3.7	42%	NA.		83		
reice	on Oldi										42 70	IVM		03		

Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing. For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2238 or at efadali@housing.nv.gov

City or County Name:	City of Boulder City		Year of Housing Plan:	2009	
Contact Person:	Susan Danielewicz		Year for Update of Plan:	NA	
Title:	City Planner				
Phone:	702-293-9282	Email:	planner@bcnv.org		
			•		
Reporting Period:	1/1.	/2018 to	12/31/2018		

Column	Column 2			Column 3	Colu			ımn 5		Column 6		Column 7	Colur	nn 8	Column 9
Measur	e Project Info	rmation			Indicate N Units	Number of Lost	Number of Units M	of Housing aintained	Number Fund	of Housi led/Devel	ng Units loped				
(refer to					Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Total	Low	Very Low	Unit Type &	No. of Units	Term	Narrative Attached
Form 1		Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Income	Income	Income	Income	· otai	Income	Income	Tenure	Restricted	(years)	(Y or N)
	Informational note: a mobile home park														
1	with 90 spaces converted to townhomes this year. No change in formal inventory.														
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															
11															
12															
13															
14															
15															
insert addition															
To					0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		
					0	U		Ü	Ū.				-		
Percent of To	tal									#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

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City or County Name:	City of Henderson		Year of Housing Plan:	2017	
Contact Person:	Gilbert Medina		Year for Update of Plan:	2027	
Title:	Housing Specialist II				
Phone:	702-267-2025	Email:	Gilbert.Medina@cityofhenderso	on.com	
Reporting Period:	1/1/2018	3 to	12/31/2018		

	Column 1	Colum	nn 2		Column 3	Colu	mn 4	Colu	mn 5	(Column 6		Column 7	Colum	nn 8	Column 9
	Measure	Project Info	ormation				Number of Lost		of Housing aintained		of Housin ed/Develo					
	(refer to letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Low Income	Very Low Income		Very Low Income	Total	Low Income	Very Low Income	Unit Type & Tenure	No. of Units Restricted	Term (years)	Narrative Attached (Y or N)
1	А,Н	Housing Rehab Program (HOME)	various	various	С					5	3	2	SFS	5	5 to 15	Υ
2	А, Н	Espinoza Terrace (RAD project, 10 HOME units, LIHTF, 15 year restriction)	171 W. Van Wagenen St.	89015	F				100				MFR	100	50	Y
3	H,I,J	Habitat for Humanity - Jefferson Blvd. South (phase I) - Habitat asked to terminate this project with the City. City of Henderson assisted with land purchase.	various	various	С					2	2	0	SFS	2	10	Y
4	NA	Habitat for Humanity - Jefferson Blvd. South (phase I) - Habitat asked to terminate this project with the City. Status going forward is unknown.	NA	NA	NA					4	4	0	SFS	NA	NA	Y
		Habitat for Humanity - Jefferson Blvd. North - City of Henderson is still working with Habitat for Humanity to determine the next steps in														·
5	NA	developing. TBRA through Hopelink of SNV, (LIHTF,	NA	NA	NA					14	14	0	SFS	NA	NA	Y
6	K	monthly rent & utilities)	NA	NA	NA					2	0	2	NA	NA	NA	
7	K	Aside (HOME, LIHTF for monthly rent & utilities, late fees)	NA	NA	NA					60	25	35	NA	NA	NA	
8	NA	Paseo Del Prado - restrictions maintained on all units 1 - 50% AMI, 1 - 40% AMI, 2 - 30% AMI remaining all at 60% AMI	740 E Warm Springs Rd.	89015	NA					120	115	4	NA	NA	NA	
9																
10																
12																
13 14																
15																
	additional f needed															
TOWS																
-	Total					0	0	0	100	7	5	2		107		
Perce	ent of Total										71%	29%		36		

Title:

FORM 2: Selected Specified Measures

Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing. For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2049 or at efadali @housing.nv.gov

City or County Name: City of Las Vegas Year of Housing Plan: 2015 (Consolidated Plan) Contact Person: Patrick Petrie Year for Update of Plan: 2019 (Update of Consolidated Plan)

Grant Program Coordinator Phone: ppetrie@lasvegasnevada.gov 702-229-6687 Email:

Reporting Period: 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2018

	(Column 1	1 Column 2			Column 3		mn 4		mn 5		Column 6		Column 7	Colum	n 8	Column 9
		Measure	Project Info	ormation			Indicate N Units	Number of Lost		of Housing aintained	Number Fund	of Housir ed/Develo	ng Units oped				
		(refer to letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Very Low Income	Total	Low Income	Very Low Income	Unit Type & Tenure	No. of Units Restricted	Term (years)	Narrative Attached (Y or N)
		TOIII 1)	r rojest Name	/ tddrcco// triv	Σip	1 Toject Status							Income	renare	restricted		(1 0114)
	1	Н	Single Family Rehab (occupant owned, CDBG)	NA	NA	NP - C					86	66	20	SFS	0	NA	Y
	2	Н	City Impact	978 E. Sahara	89104	U					66	0	65	MFR	65	50	
	3	Н	Tenaya Senior Apartments	4204 N. Tenaya Way	89129	U					272	269	3	MFR	272	30	
	4	н	Baltimore and Cleveland Gardens Rehab	316 Baltimore	89102	С			199	2				MFR	201	30	
	5	н	Wardell Street Townhomes (13 HOME units)	2901 E. Bonanza Rd.	89101	F					64	7	54	MFR	61	50	
	6	н	Ruby Duncan Manor (HOME and CDBG)	500 West Owens Ave.	89106	F				30				MFR	30	10	
	7	K	City of Las Vegas TBRA (rent, HOPWA)	NA	NA	NA					48	3	45	NA	NA	NA	Υ
	8	H,L	HOPWA Transitional and Permanent Housing	various	various	NA					140	9	131	NA	NA	NA	Υ
	9																
	10																
	11																
	12																
	13																
	14																
	15																
	add	ditional															
TOWS	n ne	Total					0	0	199	32	0	0	0		629		
P.	roor	nt of Total					0	0	199	32	U		#DIV/0!	Average	105		
_ P6	cer	iii or rotal										#DIV/0!	#DIV/U!	Average	105		

FORM 2: Selected Specified Measures

Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing. For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2238 or at efadali@housing.nv.gov

City or County Name:	City of Mesquite		Year of Housing Plan: 2018	
Contact Person:	Richard Secrist		Year for Update of Plan: 2022	
Title:	Development Services Director	or		
Phone:	702-346-2835 ext 3002 En	nail:	rsecrist@mesquitenv.gov	
Reporting Period:	1/1/2018	to	12/31/2018	

	Column 1	Colum	ın 2		Column 3	Colu	mn 4	Colu	ımn 5		Column 6	6	Column 7	Colun	n 8	Column 9
	Measure	Project Info	ormation				Number of Lost		of Housing aintained	Number	of Housi led/Deve	ng Units				
	refer to	Floject IIII	omation	1		Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low		Low	Very	Unit Type	No. of	Term	Narrative
	letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Income	Income	Income	Income	Total	Income	Low	& Tenure	Units Restricted	(years)	Attached (Y or N)
	FOIII I)	Project Name	Addless/AFIN	ΖΙΡ	Project Status							income	renure	Restricted		(F OF IN)
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																
11																
12																
13																
14																
15																
insert a	idditional															
rows if	needed															
	Total					0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		
Percen	t of Total										#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing. For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2238 or at efadali @housing.nv.gov

City or County Name: Contact Person: Title: Phone: City of North Las Vegas
Rick Damian
Community Services Analyst
702-633-2612
Email:

Year of Housing Plan: 2018 Year for Update of Plan: 2020

DamianR@cityofnorthlasvegas.com

Reporting Period: 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2018

Column 1	Column 2			Column 3	Colu	mn 4		lumn 5		Column 6		Column 7	Colum	ın 8	Column 9
Measure (refer	Project Information	n I	1		Indicate N Units	Number of Lost		of Housing Naintained		er of Housin ded/Develo			No. of		Narrative
to letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Very Low Income	Total		Very Low Income	Unit Type & Tenure	Units Restricted	Term (years)	Attached (Y or N)
1 H	Rose Garden Retrofit Rehab	16 E. Webb Ave.	89030	С			0	115				MFR	115	30	
2 A,G,H,K	Rose Garden RAD Redevelopment Project (joint with Clark Co.)	1731 Yale St	89030	С		120			120	11	109	MFR	120	30	
3 Н	Madison Palms (joint with Clark Co.)	3150 W. Ann Road	89031	U					128		127	MFR	127	50	
4 н		Spencer and Flamingo Rd, in	89119	F					22		22	Other	22		
5 L		1 West Owens, N. Las Vegas 1501 N. Las Vegas Blvd., Las	89030	NA					375		375	NA	NA	NA	Y
6 L		Vegas	89101	NA					267		267	NA	NA	NA	Υ
7 L	Salvation Army case management for homeless (405 served		89030	NA					405		405	NA	NA	NA	Y
8 NA		various	various	L	5							SFS	NA	NA	
9 NA	Buena Vista Springs II (exited tax credit system) North 5th Ave. (HOME - 152 units with 60% AMI, 24 with	2417 Morton Ave.	89030	L	18				24			MFS	NA	NA	Y
10 A,H		N. Rome Blvd. & N. 5th St.	89084	F					176	176		MFS	176	30	
11 A,H	North 5th Ave. Phase II (HOME)	N. Rome Blvd. & N. 5th St.	89084	F					116	116		MFS	116	30	
12															
13															
15															
17	*Rose Garden RAD has torn down old units and replaced														
18	with new units on same site														
rows if needed															
Total					23	120	0	115	120	11	109		676		
Percent of Total										9%	91%		112.66667		

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City or County Name:	Washoe County		Year of Housing Plan:	2010	
Contact Person:	Kim Schweickert		Year for Update of Plan:	2022	
Title:	Housing Specialist				
Phone:	775-337-4535	Email:	ksschweikert@washoecounty.u	S	

Reporting Period: 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2018

	Column 1	Column	n 2		Column 3		mn 4		ımn 5		Column 6		Column 7	Colun	nn 8	Column 9
	Measure	Project Info	rmation				Number of Lost		of Housing aintained	Number Fund	r of Housi ded/Deve					
	(refer to letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Very Low Income	Total	Low Income	Very Low Income	Unit Type & Tenure	No. of Units Restricted	Term (years)	Narrative Attached (Y or N)
1	K,L	Permanent Supportive Housing (HUD contracts or PBRA)	NA	NA	NA					10	0	10	NA	NA		Υ
2	K,L	Shelter Plus Care with VOA(HUD contracts)	NA	NA	NA					12	9	3	NA	NA		Y
3	K,L	Low Income Housing Trust Fund TBRA, security deposit assistance and case management (LIHTF)	NA	NA	NA					93	0	93	NA	NA		Y
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																
11																
12																
13																
14																
15	t additional															
	if needed															
	Total					0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		
Perc	ent of Total										#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

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City or County Name:
City of Reno
Cylus Scarbrough
Title:
City of Reno
Cylus Scarbrough
Year of Housing Plan:
Year of Housing Plan:
Year for Update of Plan:
Community Development Department

Title: Community Development Department
Phone: 775.334.2578 Email: scarbroughc@reno.gov

one. Tro.534.2576 Email. <u>Scarbfought@feno.gc</u>

Reporting Period: 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2018

	Column 1	Colu	mn 2		Column 3	Colu	mn 4	Colu	ımn 5		Column 6	6	Column 7	Colum	nn 8	Column 9
	Measure	Project In	formation			Indicate N Units	Number of		of Housing aintained		of Housi ded/Deve	ng Units				
	(refer to	Project in	lormation			Low	Very Low		Very Low		Low	Very	Unit Type	No. of	Term	Narrative
	letter on Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Income	Income	Income	Income	Total	Income	Low Income	& Tenure	Units Restricted	(years)	Attached (Y or N)
	1 01111 17	Vintage at The Crossings (6 HOME units - 20			r reject Ctatae								1011410	11001110100		(1.0.11)
1	Н	year restriction)	11565 Old Virginia Rd.	89521	С					230	224	6	MFR	230	30	
2	н	Alpine Haven (11 HOME units, in Sparks Jurisdiction)	2010 Oddie Blvd., Sparks	89431	C - Sparks					40	37	3	MFR	40	50	
3	Н	Summit Club AKA Summit Sierra (11 HOME units - 35 year restriction)	1660 Whites Creek Ln.	89511	U					574	38	117	MFR	155	30	
4	H,I	Steamboat by Vintage (5 HOME units with 20 year restrictions)	Geiger Grade Rd. and S. Virginia St.	89521	U					360	355	5	MFR	360	30	
5	A,H,I	Sky Mountain by Vintage (5 HOME units with 20 year restrictions)	4855 Summit Ridge Drive	89523	U					260	256	4	MFR	260	30	
6	K	Deposit Assistance Program - security & utility deposits, application fees (LIHTF)	NA	NA	NA					286	0	286	NA	NA	NA	
7	К	Rapid Rehousing Program (LIHTF) - all or part of rental utility costs.	NA	NA	NA					30	0	30	NA	NA	NA	
8	н	Plaza at Fourth Street (HOME and CDBG)	450 N. Wells Ave.	89512	F				49	72	0	23	MFR	72	50	
9	NA	Sutro Street (City of Reno will be providing HOME \$ next year)	1225 Hillboro Ave.	89512	F					44	0	44	MFR	44	50	
10	A, C	Village at Sage Street (SRO except for 8 doubles)	250 Sage St.	89512	F					225	0	225	MFR	225		
11		Ongoing supportive services at Hillside Meadows and Alpine Haven	NA	NA	NA											
12																
13																Υ
	additional if needed															
10003	Total					0	0	0	49	230	224	6		1386		
Perc	ent of Total										#DIV/0!	3%		173		

Use this form to report on the measures specified in NRS 278.235 used by your juridiction to maintain and develop affordable housing. For questions or for assistance completing this form, please contact Betsy Fadali, Economist, at 775.687.2238 or at efadali@housing.nv.gov

City or County Name: Contact Person:	City of Sparks Karen Melby, AICP		Year of Housing Plan: Year for Update of Plan:	2016 2021	
Title: Phone:	775-353-7878	Email:	kmelby@cityofsparks.us		
Reporting Period:	1/1/2018	3 to	12/31/2018		

	Column 1	Colum	nn 2		Column 3		ımn 4		umn 5		Column (Column 7	Colum	n 8	Column 9
	Measure	Project Inf	formation			Indicate I Units	Number of		of Housing laintained		of Housi ded/Deve	ing Units				
	(refer to	1 10,000 111				Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Total	Low	Very	Unit Type &	No. of Units	Term	Narrative Attached
	Form 1)	Project Name	Address/APN	Zip	Project Status	Income	Income	Income	Income	Total	Income	Income	Tenure	Restricted	(years)	(Y or N)
		Alpine Haven (joint with City of Reno, 11														
1	G,H,J	,	2010 Oddie Blvd.	89431	С					40	37	3	MFR	40	50	
2	E	Housing Rehabilitation Deferred Loans (CDBG)	varies throughout Sparks	varies	NP-C			5	4				SFS	None		Y
-	-	(CDBG)	varies tilloughout sparks	varies	NF-C			3	-4				313	None		'
3	F	Emergency Repair Grant Program (CDBG)	varies throughout Sparks	varies	NP-C			3	6				SFS	None		Y
4	D	Ongoing lease for Sierra Crest														
		Community Assistance Center funding, joint														
5	1	with City of Reno and Washoe County (Sparks General Fund, CDBG)														
		City of Sparks Bond Cap to NRHA and NHD														
6	Н	for MCC single family program														
7																
8																
9																
10																
11																
12																
13																
13																
14																
15																
	additional															
rows	if needed															
	Total					0	0	8	10	40	37	3		40		
Perc	ent of Total										93%	8%		40		

- ^vE. Fadali. 2018. Nevada Renters' Income Fails to Keep up with Rent Increases http://nvhousingsearch.org/press/articles/Nevada-Renter-Income-versus-Housing-Costs.html NVHousingSearch.org blog, Nevada Housing Division.
- vi HUD CHAS data query tool: http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/cp/CHAS/data_querytool_chas.html accessed 12-5-2013 and 7-10-2018 with calculations by the author.
- vii U.S. Housing and Urban Development Office of Policy Development and Research. Consolidated Planning CHAS Data https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/cp.html#2000 accessed 1-30-2017
- viii Charette, Allison et al. 2016. Projecting Trends in Severely Cost-Burdened Renters: 2015 2025, Enterprise Community Partners and Joint Center for Housing Studies, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA
- ix E. Fadali. 2018. Nevada Affordable Housing Dashboard,
- $\underline{https://housing.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/housingnvgov/content/programs/LIHD/Dashboard20180705.pdf}, Nevada \ Housing \ Division.$
- ^xU. S. Census Bureau Building Permits data http://www.census.gov/construction/bps/ accessed 2-9-2019. Preliminary 2018 year-to-date data is ordinarily used to update this series but was unavailable at this writing.
- xi It is difficult to interpret comparisons between overlapping time periods of the American Community Survey. Comparisons between overlapping samples emphasize differences between non-overlapping years, in this case 2010 and 2015.
- xii Fadali, E. & Perry Faigin. 2017. Taking Stock 2016: 2016 Annual Affordable Apartment Survey. Nevada Housing Division. P. 30. https://housing.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/housingnvgov/content/Public/2016TakingStock20170209.pdf
- xiii U.S. Housing and Urban Development Voucher Management System
- https://www.hud.gov/program offices/public indian housing/programs/hcv/psd accessed 2-11-2019. Total vouchers for September for Reno Housing Authority and Southern Nevada Regional Housing Authority are adjusted for overlap with LIHTC units.
- xiv U.S. Housing and Urban Development Office of Policy Development and Research. CHAS: Background https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/cp/CHAS/bg_chas.html accessed 11-7-2018
- xv HUD CHAS data query tool: http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/cp/CHAS/data_querytool_chas.html accessed 7-13-2018 and tabulations by the author. U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey Data Subject Definitions https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/subject_definitions/2015_ACSSubjectDefinitions.pdf?# accessed 11-7-2018
- xvi U.S. Housing and Urban Development Point in Time Counts 2007 to 2017: https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/3031/pit-and-hic-data-since-2007/ downloaded 4-19-2018
- xvii U.S. Census Bureau. 2013 American Housing Survey. Table C-05-AO-M "Housing Problems All Occupied Units (SELECTED METROPOLITAN AREAS)." American Factfinder accessed 11-7-2018.
- xviii Truckee Meadows Regional Planning Agency. 2017 . Truckee Meadows Housing Study. https://tmrpa.org/truckee-meadows-housing-study/; Wiseman, E. 2018. Reno Housing Strategies Update. City of Reno. https://www.reno.gov/home/showdocument?id=78657

ⁱ S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, *S&P/Case-Shiller NV-Las Vegas Home Price Index*© [LVXRNSA], retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/LVXRNSA, February 5, 2019.

ii S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, *S&P/Case-Shiller NV-Las Vegas Home Price Index*© [LVXRNSA], retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/LVXRNSA, February 5, 2019.

iii U.S. Census Bureau accessed through the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. Homeownership Rate for Nevada https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/NVHOWN Accessed 2-5-2019.

^{iv} U.S. Census Bureau Quarterly Vacancy and Homeownership Rates by State and MSA, https://www.census.gov/housing/hvs/data/rates.html accessed 2-5-2019.